

# *Power free* Wreless Temperature Diagnosis System



### Background

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#### Transformer fire accident



**ESS fire accident** 

#### <u>Status</u>

- Recently, the main cause of electrical insulation fail in switch gear panel or power cable is overheating.
- To prevent electrical overheating faults, it is needed to monitor real-time temperature of conductors.
  - For conventional temperature monitoring, there are wire thermal sensors(thermocouple, optical fiber), infrared radiation thermometer and built-in battery wireless temperature sensor.

#### **Problems**

- In case of wire thermal sensors, reduced production caused by long wiring work time and whole cable should be changed in fault.
- In case of infrared radiation thermometer, there is reliability problem because temperature values change according to the reflectivity of the bus bar.
- In case of built-in battery wireless temperature sensor, battery should be replaced every 1.5 years.



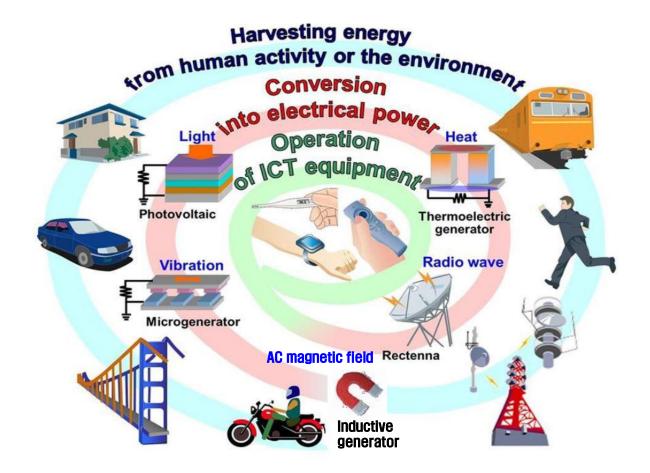
Thermocouple wire	thermal tape	RFID/SAW	IR Camera	optic sensor
		Contract		

contact	contact	non contact	non contact	contact
−75~250 °C	50~70 °C	-40 ~ 120°C	-20 ~ 350°C	−20 ~ 120°C
Eyes monitoring	Eyes monitoring	Display monitoring	Display monitoring	Display monitoring
Open door for monitoring	Open door for monitoring	Remote monitoring	Open door for monitoring	Remote monitoring
Long wiring work	No data recoding	Short communication distance (< 03m) Need for external power supply	Inaccurate data Blind area presence	Long wiring work Periodic temperature correction

### What is the energy harvesting?



**Energy harvesting** is the process by which energy is derived from external sources (e.g., magnetic energy, thermal energy, kinetic energy, and natural energy), captured, and stored for small, wireless electronic devices. (WIKIPEDIA)

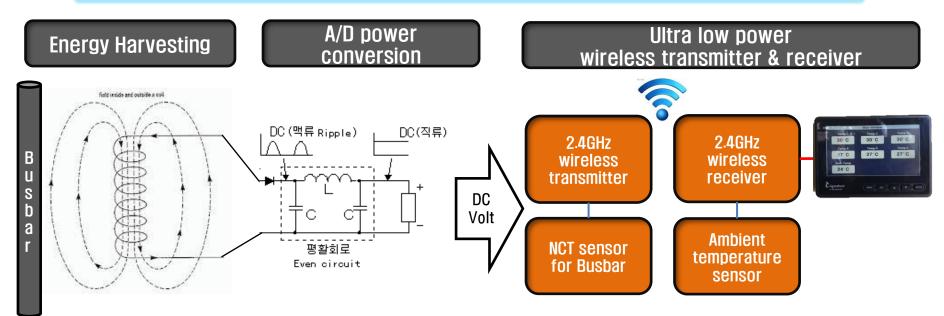


### **Power Free System Setup**



- Energy Harvesting : Using a magnetic induction coil, collecting the magnetic field around the busbar and generating inductive AC voltage.
- A/D power conversion : AC voltage is converted into DC voltage and supplied as the driving power of temperature sensors and a wireless transmission module.
- Wireless temperature transmitter and receiver : The measured busbar temperatures by each sensors is wirelessly transmitted to receiver and displayed on the digital temperature indicator.

### **Energy Harvesting Wireless Temperature Diagnosis System**

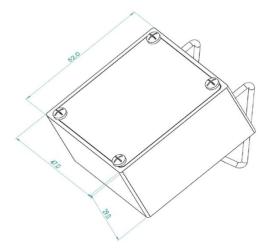


## **Product Specifications**



### BTH250 (Clamp type)





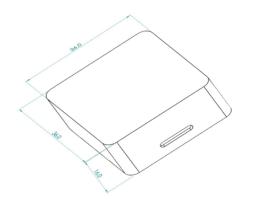
Self-sufficient Power supply	Inductive energy harvesting from magnetic stray fields (AC)
Start current	50A
Dimensions	W52 $ imes$ D47 $ imes$ H29
Weight	144g
Housing	Plastic, non-conductive, flammability
Fastening	High elastic clamp for busbar 6mm ~ 12mm thickness
Available busbar width	50mm ~ 150mm
Temperature probes	1 x backside of housing with contact to bus bar 1 x ambient temperature in receiver
Frequency	2.4 GHz ISM band
Temperature measurement	–20 ~ 200°C Data transmission distance in air 10m ~15m
Data output	RS-485/422(MODBUS-RTU),RS-232, Ethernet(MODBUS-TCP)

## **Product Specifications**



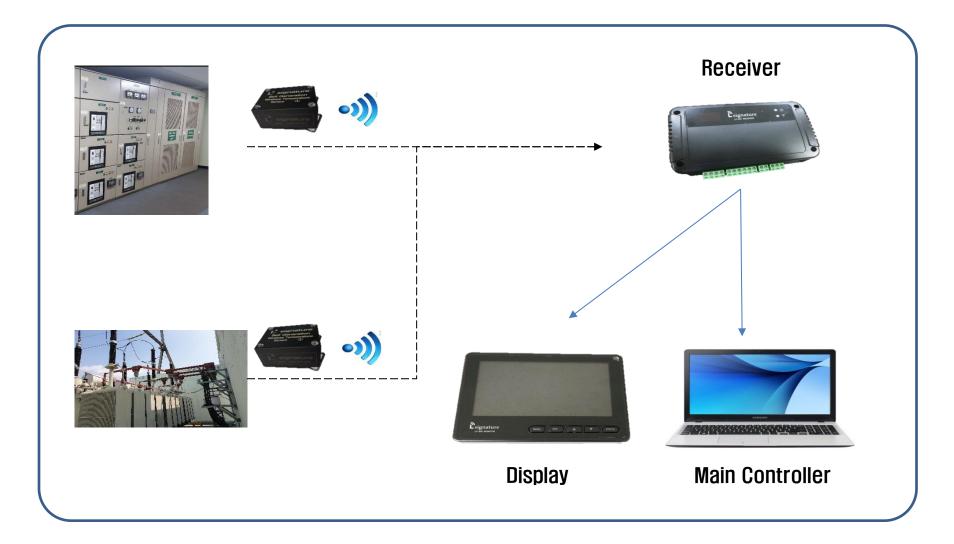
### CTH010 (Band type)





Self-sufficient Power supply	Inductive energy harvesting from magnetic stray fields (AC)
Start current	5A
Dimensions	W36 $ imes$ D36 $ imes$ H20
Weight	35g
Housing	Plastic, non-conductive, flammability
Fastening	bandage with removable stainless steel band
Available	Busbar Max 100mm / Cable Min 12 $arnothin$
Temperature probes	1 x backside of housing with contact to bus bar 1 x ambient temperature in receiver
Frequency	2.4 GHz ISM band
Temperature measurement	−20 ~ 200°C Data transmission distance in air 10m ~15m
Data output	RS-485/422(MODBUS-RTU),RS-232, Ethernet(MODBUS-TCP)

# **System Configuration**



Signature

### **Expected Benefits**

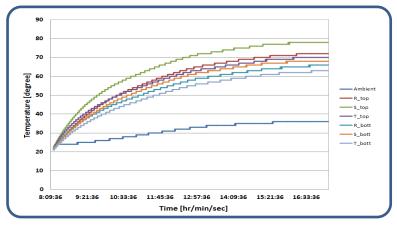




#### Real-time temperature monitoring and data recording



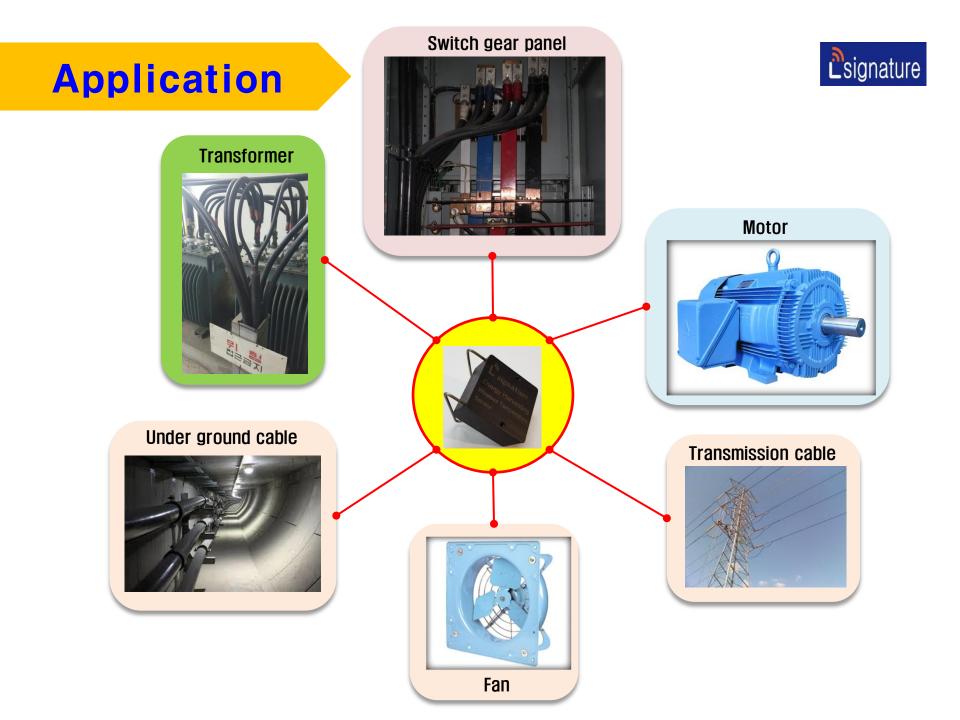
Prevention from electric shock by remote monitoring without door open



#### Maximize maintenance efficiency through temperature analysis data



Remote and integrated management through various communication service

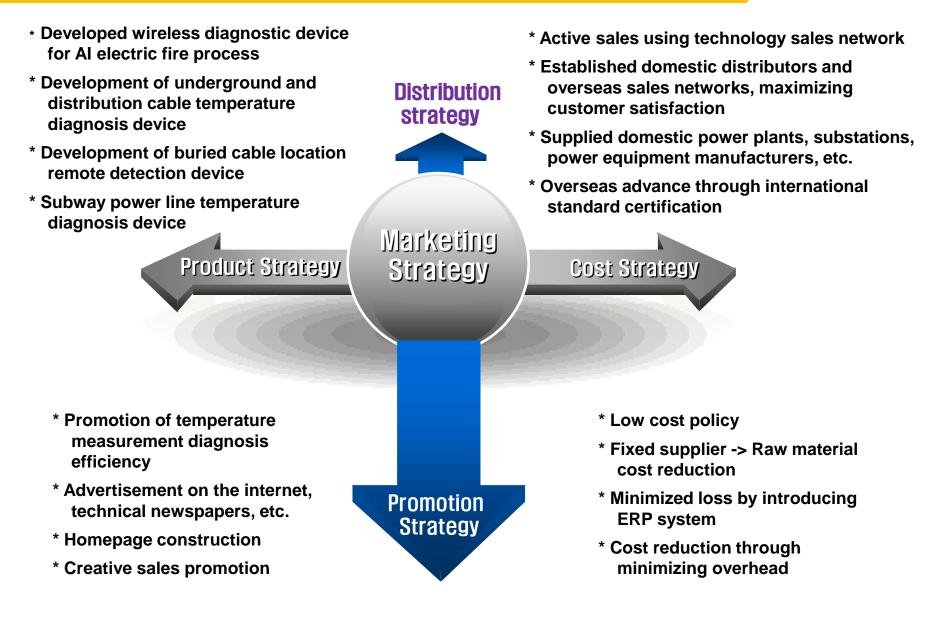




Company	Performance	Cost
L- signature	<ul> <li>Data communication cycle : every 4 seconds</li> <li>Start current : over 5A</li> <li>Clamp or band type</li> </ul>	30% or more cheaper than competitor products
USA (E*)	<ul> <li>Data communication cycle : every 10 minutes</li> <li>Start current : over 50A</li> <li>Only clamp type</li> </ul>	
France (S*)	<ul> <li>Data communication cycle : every 60 seconds</li> <li>Start current : over 5A</li> <li>Only band type</li> </ul>	

# **Market Strategy**







Customers	Applications	Delivery	Phase
KEPCO substation	<ul> <li>154kV TR bushing installed and in operation.</li> <li>22.9kV cable in digital substation</li> </ul>	2019.3	Commercialized
KOENERGY thermal power plant	6.6kV HV panel installed and in operation.	2019.5	Commercialized
Hyundai Electric	<ul> <li>6000A LV panel field test finished.</li> <li>Exclusive contract for Hyundai Electric smart switchboard</li> </ul>	2019.4 2020.1	Commercialized
LS cable	LV busduct field test finished.	2019.8	Commercialized
KT communication	LV panel installed and in operation.	2020.1 2020.3	Commercialized
Samsung Electronics	FAB LV panel in test bed	2020.4	Test bed
POSCO	Export contract with POSCO in China	2020.1	Commercialized
Shinchang Electric	<ul> <li>Installation and operation at Hyundai Steel</li> <li>Switchgear</li> </ul>	2019.10	Test bed
KMEC	Exclusive contract for smart switchboard and diagnostic sensor	2019.11	Test bed
SG Innovation	Exclusive contract for switchboard diagnostic sensor	2019.10	Test bed









#### **KEPCO** substation







#### **KOENERGY** thermal power plant

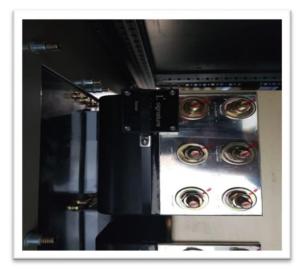


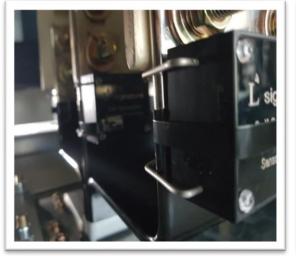






#### Hyundai Heavy Industry







LS cable







#### **KT Communication**





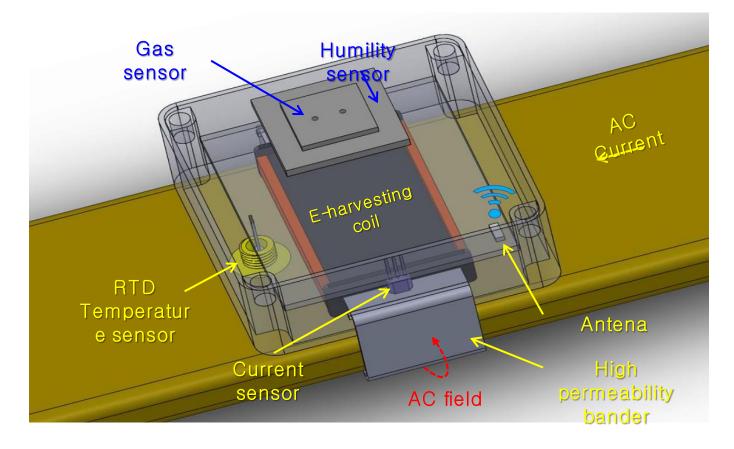


#### Busan city water purification plant



### **Next Generation Product Concept**





#### Al Wireless Diagnostic Device for Monitoring Electric Fire Progressing Steps

[Overcurrent (Current Sensor)-> Overheat (Temperature Sensor) -> Moisture (Humidity Sensor)-> Flame Carbonization (Gas Sensor)]